

# DELTA IV

For more than half a century, the Delta family of launch vehicles has achieved unparalleled success in providing access to space for our Department of Defense (DOD), NASA, and commercial customers. From the earliest Delta rockets to the industry workhorse Delta II, continual upgrades and improvements have led to the Delta IV, the most advanced Delta yet. Developed with the U.S. Air Force, the Delta IV continual upgrades and improvements have led to the Delta IV, the most advanced Delta yet. Developed with the U.S. Air Force, the Delta IV offers five configurations for launching all spacecraft types to all orbits. The common booster core (CBC) first stage, the Delta cryogenic second stage, and a 4-m-diameter or 5-m-diameter payload fairing are common to all configurations. For additional performance at liftoff, two or four solid rocket motors can be added. For the most demanding missions, the Delta IV Heavy, which launches with two additional CBCs, provides the most performance of any U.S. launch vehicle available today. With a commitment to mission success, the Delta IV continues its legacy of launching our nation's mission-critical national security payloads.

Join the conversation:



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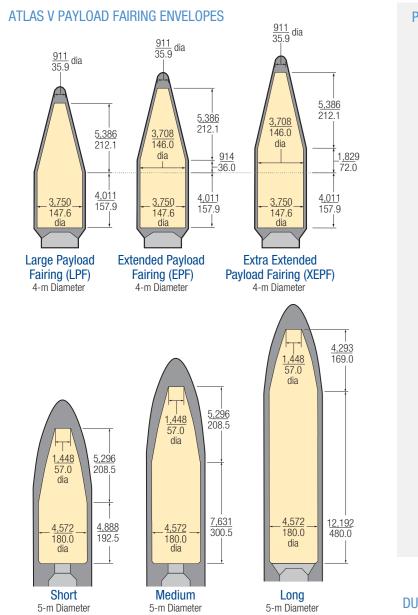


## ATLAS V AND DELTA IV

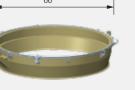
TECHNICAL SUMMARY

## ATLAS V

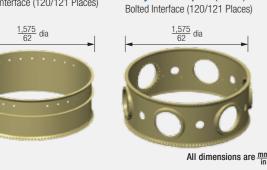
Since 1957, the Atlas rocket has been an integral part of the United States' space program, supporting national defense missions, launching Mercury astronauts to orbit, and sending spacecraft to the farthest reaches of the solar system. For nearly six decades, the Atlas booster has undergone a series of continuous improvements, culminating in the current Atlas V Evolved Expendable Launch Vehicle (EELV). Designed in partnership with the U.S. Air Force, the Atlas V's modular design approach allows for multiple configurations to meet specific customer requirements. All Atlas V launch vehicles consist of a common core booster first stage, a Centaur second stage, and either a 4-m-diameter or a 5-m-diameter payload fairing. To accommodate larger spacecraft requiring additional thrust at liftoff, one to three solid rocket boosters (SRB) can be added to the Atlas V 4-m vehicle, while the Atlas V 5-m vehicle can support up to five SRBs. Flexibility, reliability and 100% mission success are the hallmarks of the Atlas V system, making it the launch vehicle of choice for the full range of customer requirements. range of customer requirements.



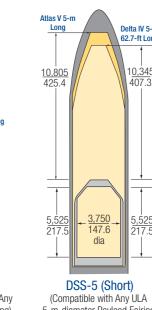
## PAYLOAD ADAPTERS A937 B1194 Clampband Clampband $\frac{1,194}{47}$ dia -937 dia D1666 6915 Bolted Interface (Four Places) Clampband 1,666 66 dia

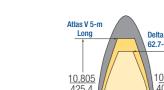


EELV Secondary C-Adapter Payload Adapter (ESPA) Bolted Interface (120/121 Places)



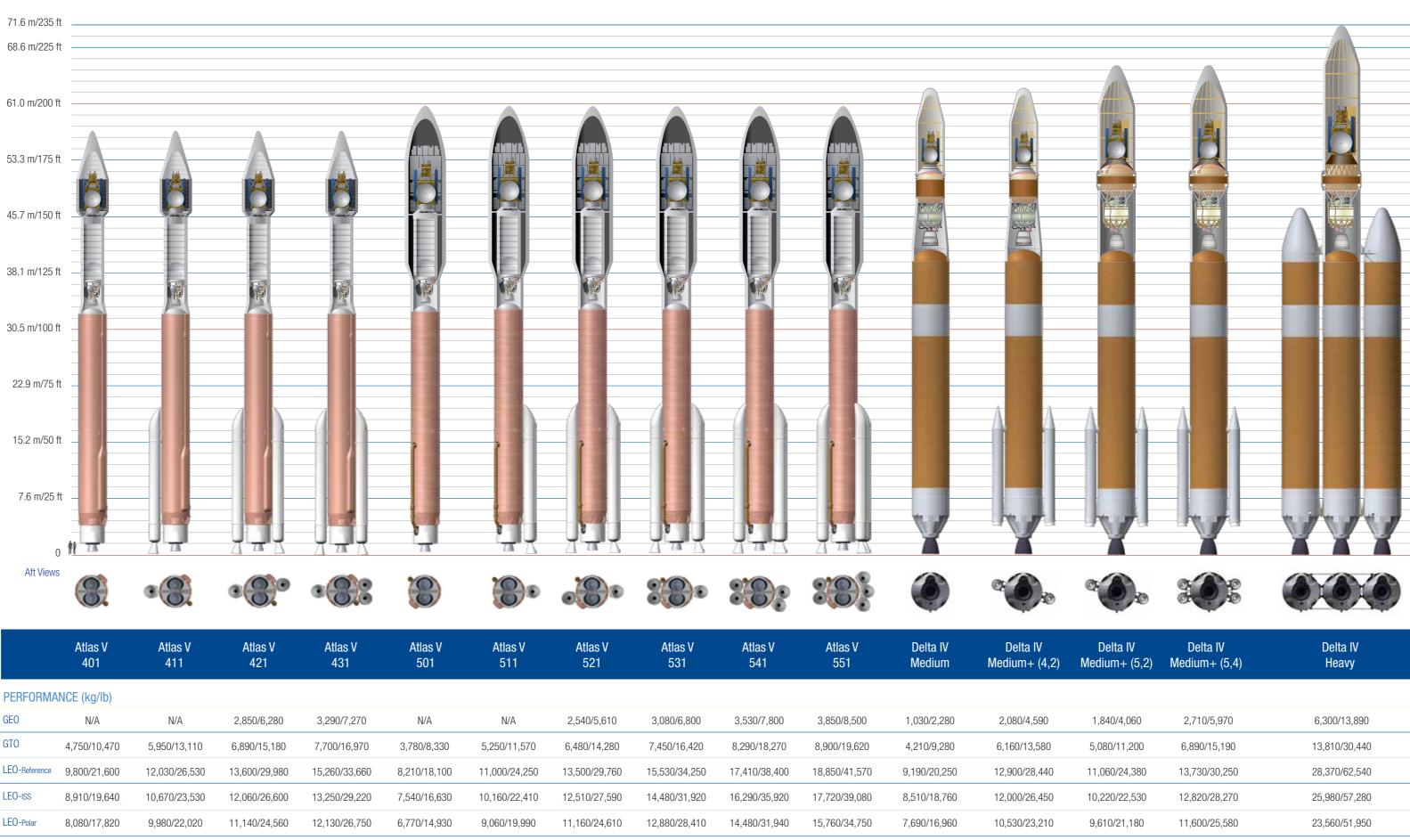
### DUAL SPACECRAFT SYSTEM (DSS) ENVELOPES





5-m-diameter Payload Fairing)

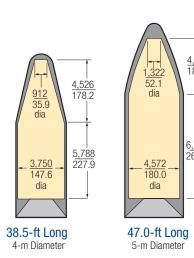
All dimensions are mm

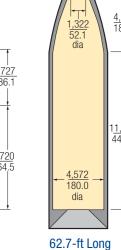


	Atlas V 401	Atlas V 411	Atlas V 421	Atlas 431		
PERFORMANCE (kg/lb)						
GEO	N/A	N/A	2,850/6,280	3,290/7,		
GTO	4,750/10,470	5,950/13,110	6,890/15,180	7,700/16		
LEO-Reference	9,800/21,600	12,030/26,530	13,600/29,980	15,260/3		
LEO-ISS	8,910/19,640	10,670/23,530	12,060/26,600	13,250/29		
LEO-Polar	8,080/17,820	9,980/22,020	11,140/24,560	12,130/20		

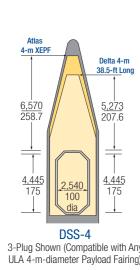
GEO (Geosynchronous Earth Orbit) = 35,786 km circular at 0 deg | GTO (Geosynchronous Transfer Orbit) = 35,786 km x 185 km at 27.0 deg | LEO-Reference (Low Earth Orbit-Reference) = 200 km circular at 28.7 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 51.6 deg | LEO-Polar (Low Earth Orbit) = 200 km circular at 90 deg | Statian) = 407 km circular at 28.7 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit-International Space Statian) = 407 km circular at 51.6 deg | LEO-Polar (Low Earth Orbit) = 200 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-Polar (Low Earth Orbit) = 35,786 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth Orbit) = 407 km circular at 90 deg | LEO-ISS (Low Earth

## DEL1

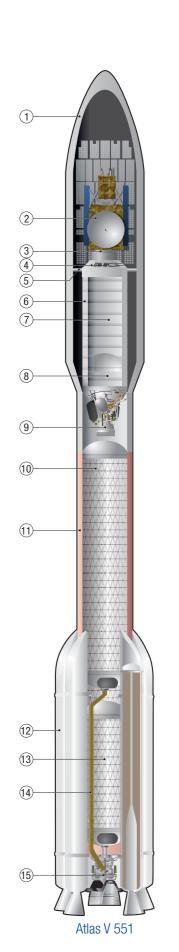


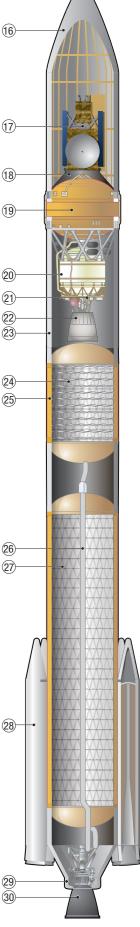


5-m Diameter



ta IV Payload	FAIRING	ENVELOPES	





Delta IV Medium+ (5,4)

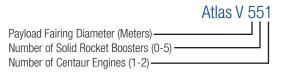
#### ATLAS V

- 1. Payload Fairing (5-m Diameter)
- 2. Spacecraft
- 3. Payload Adapter
- 4. Centaur Forward Adapter
- 5. Centaur Forward Load Reactor Deck
- 6. Centaur Second-Stage
- 7. Centaur Second-Stage Fuel (LH<sub>2</sub>) Tank
- 8. Centaur Second-Stage Oxidizer (LO,) Tank
- 9. Centaur Second-Stage Engine (RL10)
- 10. First-Stage Oxidizer (LO<sub>2</sub>) Tank
- 11. Common Core Booster
- 12. Solid Rocket Booster (0-5)
- 13. First-Stage Fuel (RP-1) Tank
- 14. First-Stage Oxidizer (LO<sub>2</sub>) Feedline
- 15. First-Stage Engine (RD-180)

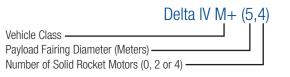
#### DELTA IV

- 16. Payload Fairing (5-m Diameter)
- 17. Spacecraft
- 18. Payload Attach Fitting (PAF)
- 19. Second-Stage Fuel (LH<sub>2</sub>) Tank
- 20. Second-Stage Oxidizer (LO<sub>2</sub>) Tank
- 21. Second-Stage Equipment Shelf
- 22. Second-Stage Engine (RL10B-2)
- 23. Interstage Adapter
- 24. First-Stage Oxidizer (LO<sub>2</sub>) Tank
- 25. Common Booster Core (CBC)
- 26. First-Stage Oxidizer (LO<sub>2</sub>) Feedline
- 27. First-Stage Fuel (LH) Tank
- 28. Solid Rocket Motors
- 29. Thermal Shield
- 30. First-Stage Engine (RS-68A)

### ATLAS V NAMING CONVENTION



#### DELTA IV NAMING CONVENTION





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